## Quiz (Rate Law 1)

1. A reaction has the following rate equation: rate =  $k[A][B]^{3}[C]^{2}$ 

What is the overall order of the reaction?

- 5 A. 4 Β. C. 6 D. 7
- 2. Consider the following reaction:  $Q_2(g) + R_2(g) \rightarrow 2QR(g)$

The order of reaction with respect to  $Q_2$  is 1 and the overall order of reaction is 2. Which of the following is the rate equation for the reaction?

- A. Rate =  $k[Q_2(g)][QR(g)]$ Β.
- C. Rate =  $k[Q_2(g)]$

Rate =  $k[Q_2(g)][R_2(g)]$ D. Rate =  $k[R_2(g)]^2$ 

- Given that the unit of the rate of reaction is mol dm<sup>-3</sup> s<sup>-1</sup>. What is the unit of the 3. rate constant, k, for the following rate equation? Rate =  $k[A][B][C]^{2}$ 
  - A. mol  $dm^{-3} s^{-1}$
  - C. mol<sup>-3</sup> dm<sup>9</sup> s<sup>-1</sup>

- 4. A rate-concentration graph of the reaction is shown in the following diagram.  $A \rightarrow \text{products}$



Concentration of A

What is the order of reaction with respect to A?

A. 7eroth order

First order B.

C. Second order

- D. Cannot be determined
- Given that [A] is the concentration of the reactant A at any particular time. 5. Which of the following graphs would give a straight line?
  - (1) [A] against time for a zeroth order reaction
  - (2) [A] against time for a first order reaction
  - (3) Rate against  $[A]^2$  for a second order reaction
  - A. (1) and (2) only C. (2) and (3) only

- B. (1) and (3) only
- D. (1), (2) and (3)

- D. mol<sup>-4</sup> dm<sup>12</sup> s<sup>-1</sup>
- B. mol<sup>-1</sup> dm<sup>3</sup> s<sup>-1</sup>

- 6. If the initial rate of reaction increases by a factor of four when the concentration of a reactant is doubled, what is the order of reaction with respect to that reactant?
  - A. 0
  - C. 2

- B. 1
- D. 3

## **Suggested Answer**

1.	С	3.	С	5.	В
2.	В	4.	В	6.	С